

**2021****COMPUTER SCIENCE****[GENERAL]****Paper : IV****Group–A**

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

1. Answer the following (any **six**):  $1 \times 6 = 6$
- Name the different classes of Classful IP addressing scheme.
  - Which OSI layer is responsible for encryption/decryption, encoding and decoding of data?
  - What is DNS? Give an example of a Domain name know to you?
  - What is the use of Bridge in LAN?
  - What is the significance of modulation and demodulation in digital data communication?
  - Name the different topologies used in LAN.

- Give the formula of S/N ratio?
  - What is the full form of TCP/IP and ISO-OSI?
  - What is the default subnet of Class C?
2. Answer in short (any **seven**):  $2 \times 7 = 14$
- Explain FSK modulation.
  - Differentiate between ARP and RARP.
  - What are browsers? Give names of any two browsers.
  - What is bit rate and baud rate?
  - What are the basic functions of routers?
  - What are the different types of cabling supported by Ethernet standard?
  - What are guided and unguided media? Give two examples of each.
  - Explain the Session Layer of ISO-OSI model.
  - Define the term VPI with respect to ATM.
3. Explain the following (any **six**):  $5 \times 6 = 30$
- Calculate the Shannon channel capacity for Bandwidth = 20Khz and  $SNR_{db} = 40$
  - Explain TDMA and FDMA.
  - Ten signals, each requiring 4000Hz, are

multiplexed on to a single channel using FDM.  
How much minimum bandwidth is required for the multiplexed channel? Assume that guard bands are 400 Hz wide.

- iv) Briefly explain X.25 standard. Where is it applied?
- v) List any five line coding techniques and represent the sequence 10110011 using the techniques.
- vi) Explain data link layer functions.
- vii) Explain the Transport layer of TCP/IP protocol.

4. Write short notes on (any **one**):  $10 \times 1 = 10$

- i) TCP/IP protocol
- ii) What is routing and congestion? Give any one algorithm each for routing and congestion control in computer network.
- iii) Principle and operation of Token ring topology.

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