## U.G. 3rd Semester Examination - 2020 PHYSICS

## [HONOURS]

Course Code: PHY-H-CC-T-05
(Mathematical Physics-II)

Full Marks : 40 Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any **five** questions:

- $2 \times 5 = 10$
- i) What are ordinary and singular points of differential equation?
- ii) State two properties of Bessel function.
- iii) What is propagation of errors?
- iv) Evaluate  $\Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- v) Solve  $xdx + ydy + 4y^3(x^2 + y^2)dy = 0$
- vi) What is Laguerre's differential equation? Write down its solution.

- vii) State the conditions under which a function can be expanded into a convergent series.
- viii) What do you mean by systematic error?
- 2. Answer any **two** questions:  $5 \times 2 = 10$ 
  - i) Find the Fourier series of the function f(x) given by,

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{2x}{\pi} \text{ for } 0 \le x \le \pi$$
$$1 + \frac{2x}{\pi} \text{ for } -\pi \le x \le 0$$

ii) Solve the Differential equation by Frobenius method

$$x^{2} \frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + (x^{2} - n^{2})y = 0$$

- iii) State and Prove Rodrigue's Formula for Legendre polynomials.5
- iv) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 x^4 (1 \sqrt{x})^5 dx$  5
- 3. Answer any **two** questions:  $10 \times 2 = 20$ 
  - i) A tightly stretched string with fixed end points x=0 and x=l is initially at rest in equilibrium position. If it is vibrating by giving to each of its point a velocity  $\lambda x(1-x)$ , find the displacement of the string at any distance x from one end at any time t.

- ii) Solve the partial differential equation  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} 2 \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = e^{2x+y}$  10
- iii) Starting from the generating function for Legendre polynomials prove the following recurrence relations:
- a)  $(l+1)P_{l+1}(x) (2l+1)xP_l(x) + lP_{l-1}(x) = 0$
- b)  $lP_l(x) = xP'_l(x) P'_{l-1}(x)$ Evaluate  $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} \frac{d^2 H_m}{dx^2} H_m(x) dx$  3+3+4
- iv) a) Show that the equation,  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 2x \frac{dy}{dx} + [x^2 n(n+1)]y = 0,$  where n is a positive integer, can be transferred to Bessel equation of order  $(n + \frac{1}{2})$  by substitution  $y(x) = \frac{z(x)}{x^{1/2}}$ .
  - b) Prove that  $J_{n-1}(x) J_{n+1}(x) = 2J'_n(x)$
  - c) Solve Laplace equation in three dimensional cylindrical form. 3+3+4

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