

U.G. 6th Semester Examination - 2021

MATHEMATICS

[HONOURS]

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)

Course Code : MATH-H-DSE-T-04B

(Biomathematics)

Full Marks : 60

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**The symbols and notations have their usual meanings.*

1. Answer any **ten** questions: $2 \times 10 = 20$
- Define autonomous system of a dynamical system.
 - What is hyperbolic equilibrium point of a system?
 - State Hartman-Grobman theorem.
 - What do you mean by 'bifurcation' of a dynamical system?
 - State Routh-Hurwitz criterion.
 - What is epidemic model?

- State the basic equations of classical Lotka-Volterra model for a prey-predator system.
 - What is "Diffusive instability"?
 - State Bendixson's negative criterion.
 - Define asymptotic stability of the system around an equilibrium point.
 - What is allee effect in biological systems?
 - Define Basic reproduction number in epidemics.
 - What is Michaelis-Menten function in chemical kinetics?
 - Write the differential equations of growth of a microbial population on a single resource in a chemostat.
 - What is activator-inhibitor system?
2. Answer any **four** questions: $5 \times 4 = 20$
- Consider the system: $\frac{dx}{dt} = ax - 2y$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = -2x$, check the stability of the system for different values of $a \in R$. 5
 - Check whether the Hartman-Grobman theorem is applicable to the system

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = ax - bx^2 - cxy, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = cxy - dy$$

of equilibrium point $(0,0)$, $a, b, c, d > 0$. 5

c) Describe Nicholson-Bailey model with all state variables and parameters. Find the equilibrium point of the model. 3+2

d) Find the phase path and draw it on the phase diagram

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = x + y, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = x - y. \quad 5$$

e) Deduce Hardy-Weinberg frequencies in genetics. 5

f) What is Kermack-McKendrick model in epidemics? Find the Basic reproduction number of the system. Hence find the stability of the endemic equilibrium. 2+2+1

3. Answer any **two** questions: 10×2=20

a) Propose a SIR epidemic model with birth and death. Find all biologically feasible equilibrium points of the proposed model. Find the stability conditions of the endemic equilibrium. 3+4+3

b) Consider the system: $\frac{dx}{dt} = rx \left(1 - \frac{x}{k}\right) - h$. Find the equilibrium points and check the stability of the system around the equilibrium points. Also find the critical value of h for a bifurcation to occur (where r, k, h are all positive parameters). 3+4+3

c) Consider a simple model for a population with an exponential growth and simple Fickian equation $\frac{\partial n}{\partial t} = rn + D \frac{\partial^2 n}{\partial x^2}$, $n(0, t) = n(L, t) = 0$; $n(x, 0) = n_0(x)$. Find the population size at any time t . Also find the critical length for which the population grow. (where r and D are positive parameters). 8+2

d) Consider the system $\frac{dx}{dt} = rx \left(1 - \frac{x}{k}\right) - qxy$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = qxy - ay$, find the interior equilibrium point and check the stability of the system around that equilibrium point, where r, k, q, a are all positive parameters. 5+5
