

**U.G. 6th Semester Examination - 2021**

**ZOOLOGY**

[HONOURS]

**Discipline Specific Elective (DSE)**

**Course Code : ZOOL-H-DSE-T-04**

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2½ Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

1. Answer any **five** questions of the following:  $2 \times 5 = 10$
- Define Parasitism. What is Phoresis?
  - What are G-cells? Write their function.
  - Differentiate between hard ticks and soft ticks.
  - What is Loeffler's syndrome? Write its symptoms.
  - Name the causative agent of Bilharziasis disease. Write its symptoms.
  - What is sleeping sickness? Name its transmitting agent.
  - Describe the morphology of copulatory bursa.
  - Name the disease transmitted by Flea. Write the name of the causative agent.

[Turn Over]

2. Answer any **two** questions:  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- Differentiate between parasite and parasitoid. Write down the stages of host parasite interaction.  $2+3$
  - Describe the geographic distribution of the 'Old World hookworm'. Write down the pathogenic effects caused by Ancylostome larvae.  $1+4$
  - Describe the stages of development of microfilaria of *Wuchereria bancrofti* in the mosquito body.  $5$
  - Describe the prevention and control measures of *Pediculus* sp and *Xenopsylla* sp.  $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$
3. Answer any **two** questions:  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- What is Leishmaniasis? Describe its different types. Write the name of Kala-azar causing protist and describe its life cycle with suitable diagram.  $1+2+1+6$
  - Name the definitive and intermediate host of *Schistosoma haematobium*. Draw and describe the morphology of its infective form. Describe its path of migration inside host body.  $2+4+4$
  - Describe the morphological differences between male and female *Ascaris lumbricoides*. Describe its mode of infection. What are the diagnosis processes and prophylaxis measures.  $4+3+1\frac{1}{2}+1\frac{1}{2}$

d) Write notes on (any **four**):

$$2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$$

- i) Vectors
  - ii) Elephantiasis
  - iii) Rhabditiform larva
  - iv) Trypomastigotes
  - v) Mites
  - vi) Vampire bat
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