

2021
PHYSIOLOGY
[HONOURS]
Paper : V

Full Marks : 75

Time : 4 Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.***GROUP-A**

1. Answer any **five** questions: 1×5=5
- a) Name one endogenous and one exogenous substance used to determine Glomerular Filtration Rate (GFR)?
 - b) What is meant by auto-antigens?
 - c) Name one live vaccine.
 - d) State the function of NK cells.
 - e) What are 'exons'?
 - f) What are histones?
 - g) What is cDNA?

2. Answer any **six** questions: 2×6=12
- a) What is meant by DNA polymorphism?
 - b) Define cytokines with examples.
 - c) What is a nucleosome?
 - d) Why conversion of ammonia to urea is important?
 - e) State the functions of F_c and F_{ab} fragments of immunoglobulins.
 - f) What is frame shift mutation?
 - g) Name two hormones secreted from kidney.
 - h) What is pleiotropism?

GROUP-C

- Answer any **three** questions: 6×3=18
3. State about the properties of antigens.
 4. What are Okazaki fragments? Where are these found? State the importance of Okazaki fragments. 3+1+2=6
 5. What do you mean by secondary immune response? Mention its role in vaccination programme. 3+3=6

6. Write a note on DNA packaging.
7. Discuss the role of renin-angiotensin system in the regulation of blood pressure.

GROUP-D

Answer any **four** questions: $10 \times 4 = 40$

8. Write short notes on: $5 + 5 = 10$
- a) Monoclonal Antibody
 - b) Gene therapy
9. a) What is Rho independent chain termination during transcription?
- b) Discuss briefly about the main events of RNA synthesis. $4 + 6 = 10$
10. a) Discuss briefly about the maintenance of acid-base balance of the body by kidneys.
- b) What is micturition reflex? $7 + 3 = 10$
11. a) How are motifs involved in transcription?
- b) What is meant by Zn-finger motif?
 $6 + 4 = 10$
12. a) Write the functions of repetitive sequence.
- b) How does attenuator work in t_{vp} operon?
 $4 + 6 = 10$

8(Sc)

[3]

[Turn over]

13. a) What is counter-current exchanger?
- b) Discuss how hypertonic and hypotonic urine is formed in the kidney. $4 + 6 = 10$

8(Sc)

[4]