

U.G. 3rd Semester Examination - 2021

PHYSICS

[HONOURS]

Course Code : PHY-H-CC-T-05

(Mathematical Physics-II)

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2½ Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any **five** questions: 2×5=10

- a) Solve the differential equation by Frobenius method

$$y'' = 0 \left(\text{where } y'' = \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \right).$$

- b) Find out the regular singular point of the given differential equation.

$$(1-x^2)y'' + 2x^2y' + (x-2)y = 0.$$

- c) Let $y = ab$. Find out the expression for the maximum permissible error in y .

d) Evaluate : $\left[\left(\frac{5}{2} \right) \right]$

- e) Find out $\int_{-1}^1 x^2 P_2(x) dx$ where $P_2(x)$ is the 2nd Legendre Polynomial.

- f) Find out a_0 of the function $f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(\pi - x)^2$, a_0 is the Fourier series coefficient.

- g) Evaluate the following integration $\int_0^{\infty} x^7 e^{-x} dx$.

2. Answer any **two** questions: 5×2=10

- a) Find out the Fourier series of the function $f(x)$ given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} a & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ 2\pi - x & \pi \leq x \leq 2\pi \end{cases}$$

and find the sum of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n+1)^2}$.

- b) Solve the differential equation by Frobenius method

$$x^2 y'' + xy' + y = 0.$$

- c) State and prove Rodrigue's Formula for Legendre polynomials.

d) Evaluate the integration $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-k^2/\sigma^2}}{\sigma^6} d\sigma, k \neq 0.$

3. Answer any **two** questions: 10×2=20

a) i) Evaluate the integration

$$I_n = \int_0^1 (1 - \sqrt{x})^n dx.$$

ii) The specific resistance σ of a thin wire of radius r cm, resistance $R \Omega$ and length

L cm given by $\sigma = \frac{\pi r^2 R}{L}.$

If $r = 0.26 \pm 0.02$ cm

$R = 32 \pm 1\Omega$

$L = 78 \pm 0.01$ cm

Find the percentage error is $\sigma.$

iii) For the given periodic function

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 2t & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 4 & \text{for } 2 \leq t \leq 6 \end{cases}$$

with a period $T=6.$ Find out the Fourier coefficient $a_1.$ 4+4+2

b) i) Show that the legendre polynomial are generated by the function.

$$g(x, t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - 2xt + t^2}}.$$

ii) Show that $\frac{d}{dx} [x^{-n} J_n(x)] = -x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x)$

where $J_n(x)$ is the Bessel's Function given by

$$J_n(x) = \sum_{r=0}^{\infty} (-1)^r \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{n+2r} \frac{1}{r!(n+r+1)}.$$

iii) Show that $J_n'(x) = J_{n-1}(x) - \frac{n}{x} J_n(x)$

where $J_n'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} (J_n(x)).$ 5+3+2

c) i) Let $i^2 = -1$ and suppose that $u(x, y)$ and $v(x, y)$ are such that

$$(x + iy)^4 = u(x, y) + iv(x, y).$$

Find u and v and show that both satisfy Laplace's equation that is

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0 \text{ and } \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

in addition, show that u and v satisfy the condition given below

$$u_x = v_y \text{ and } u_y = -v_x$$

ii) Find out the partial differential equation of $u = f(x^2 - y^2).$

iii) Solve $u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx}$, $u(x, 0) = e^x$
 $u_t(x, 0) = \sin x$

5+2+3

d) i) Solve the equation

$$u_x + u_y + u = e^{x+2y}$$

with $u(x, 0) = 0$

ii) Show that

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\cos \theta)^{2k+1} d\theta = \frac{(k!)^2 2^{2k}}{(2k+1)!}$$

iii) For $n=0, 1, 2, \dots$

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n^2(x) dx = \frac{2}{2n+1}$$

when $P_n(x)$ is the legendre polynomial.

iv) What is propagation of errors?

3+3+3+1
