

**U.G. 3rd Semester Examination - 2021**

**BOTANY**

**[HONOURS]**

**Skill Enhancement Course (SEC)**

**Course Code : BOT-H-SEC-T-01A&B**

Full Marks : 40

Time : 2 Hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.*

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

**Answer all the questions from Selected Option.**

**OPTION - A**

**BOT-H-SEC-T-01A**

**[Biofertilizers]**

1. Answer any **five** of the following:  $2 \times 5 = 10$
- What is an inoculum?
  - What is organic farming?
  - Why congo red is used in YEMA medium?
  - What are obligate symbionts?
  - Mention two species of AM fungi.
  - What is cfu in microbiology?
  - Why is surface-sterilization of explants done before they are used to establish axenic or *in vitro* culture?
  - Mention the classification of *Azotobacter*.

2. Answer any **two** of the following:  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- Write a brief note on vermicompost.
  - Elucidate the role of *Azolla* in rice cultivation.
  - Differentiate between chemical fertilizers and biofertilizers.
  - Describe the isolation technique of *Rhizobium* from root nodules.
3. Answer any **two** of the following:  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- Name the species of *Azospirillum*. Describe briefly how *Azospirillum* is isolated from soil and its mass multiplication process.  $2+4+4=10$
  - What are AM fungi? How are they isolated from soil? Elucidate the inoculum production of AM fungi.  $2+4+4=10$
  - What are wastes? How are biodegradable wastes different from non-biodegradable wastes? Discuss the recycling of biodegradable wastes.  $2+3+5=10$
  - Write notes on the following:  $5+5=10$ 
    - Phosphorus nutrition of mycorrhizal plants.
    - Actinorhizal plants.

**OPTION - B**

**BOT-H-SEC-T-01B**

**[Plant Diversity and Human Welfare]**

1. Answer any **five** of the following:  $2 \times 5 = 10$
- a) Define cultivated plant taxa and wild plant taxa.
  - b) What is agrobiodiversity?
  - c) Define Red Data Book.
  - d) What is the full form of NBPGR? Mention its function in conservation of plant resources.
  - e) Define genetic diversity.
  - f) Name any two National Parks in India.
  - g) Write down the scientific name of two alcoholic beverage yielding plants.
  - h) Mention two uses of wood.
2. Answer any **two** of the followings:  $5 \times 2 = 10$
- a) Define ecosystem. Briefly describe the plant diversity at ecosystem level.  $1 + 4$
  - b) Mention the role of IUCN and UNESCO.  $2 \frac{1}{2} + 2 \frac{1}{2}$
  - c) Describe in brief the major reasons behind the loss of biodiversity.  $5$

- d) Mention the importance of forestry in commercial aspects.  $5$
3. Answer any **two** of the following:  $10 \times 2 = 20$
- a) What are *in situ* and *ex situ* conservation? Briefly describe two *in situ* and two *ex situ* conservation facilities.  $2 + 4 + 4$
  - b) Mention the scientific names and families of four timber yielding, four fruit crops and two ornamental plants.  $(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) \times 4 + (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) \times 4 + (\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}) \times 2$
  - c) Discuss in brief about sustainable development. Mention some of the uses of microbial diversity in human welfare.  $6 + 4$
  - d) Briefly discuss the ethical and aesthetic values of biodiversity. Mention some of the uses of plants in biodiversity.  $3 + 3 + 4$